# **GROUP 11A**

# ENGINE MECHANICAL <4A9>

# **CONTENTS**

| GENERAL INFORMATION | 11A-2 | GENERAL INFORMATION | 11A-18 |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------|--------|
| BASE ENGINE         | 11A-3 | BASE ENGINE         | 11A-19 |

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

M2112000100697

The newly developed 1.5L 4A91 engine features 4-cylinder, 16-valve, and double overhead camshafts (DOHC).

The engine has the following features.

Aluminum cylinder block

- MIVEC (Mitsubishi Innovative Valve timing Electronic Control system)
- Selective valve tappet of direct acting valve system for valve clearance adjustment
- Timing chain

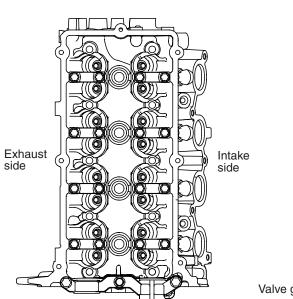
# **MAJOR SPECIFICATIONS**

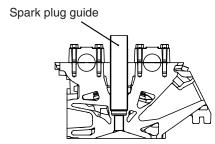
| Item                  |                 | 4A91  |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| Total displacement mL |                 | 1,499   |
| Bore × Stroke mm      |                 | 75 × 84.8   |
| Compression ratio     |                 | 10.0  |
| Compression chamber   |                 | Pentroof-type                                       |
| Valve timing          | Intake opening  | BTDC 31° – ATDC 19°                                 |
|                       | Intake closing  | ABDC 21° – ABDC 71°                                 |
|                       | Exhaust opening | BBDC 39°  |
|                       | Exhaust closing | ATDC 5°   |
| Maximum output kW (P  | S)/rpm          | 77 (104)/6,000                                      |
| Maximum torque N·m (k | g·m)/rpm        | 141 (14.4)/4,000                                    |
| Fuel system           |                 | Electronically controlled multipoint fuel injection |
| Ignition system       |                 | Electronic-controlled 4-coil                        |

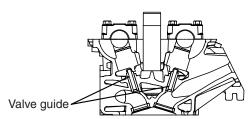
# **BASE ENGINE**

### CYLINDER HEAD

M2112001000864







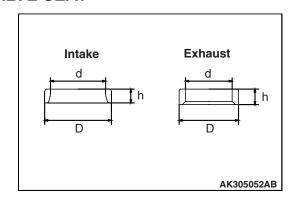
AK305050AB

The cylinder head is made of aluminum alloy, which is lightweight and has an excellent cooling efficiency. The pentroof type combustion chamber has a spark plug in the center. The valve angle is relatively small, contributing to size reduction.

The intake and exhaust ports are arranged in a cross-flow construction. Each cylinder has a pair of intake ports on one side and a pair of exhaust ports on the other side.

Each of the intake and exhaust camshafts is supported by 5 bearings. On each camshaft, the thrust load is supported by No. 1 bearing. The No. 1 bearings for the intake and exhaust camshafts have a common bearing cap.

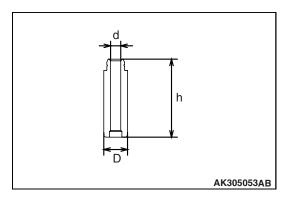
### **VALVE SEAT**



### Sintered alloy valve seat

| Item                     | Intake | Exhaust |
|--------------------------|--------|---------|
| D (Outer diameter) mm    | 31.5   | 28      |
| d (Inner<br>diameter) mm | 26     | 22      |
| h (height) mm            | 6.6    | 7.3     |

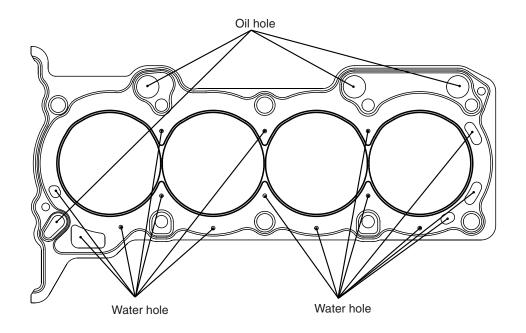
# **VALVE GUIDE**



The intake and exhaust valves use the same-design valve guide.

| Item                  | Intake |
|-----------------------|--------|
| D (Outer diameter) mm | 10.5   |
| d (Inner diameter) mm | 4.5    |
| h (height) mm         | 34.5   |

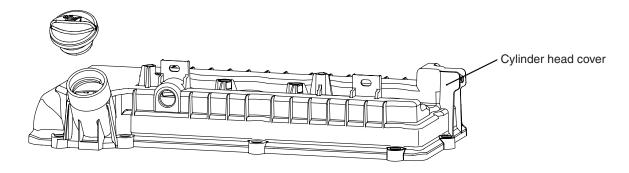
# **CYLINDER HEAD GASKET**



AK305054AB

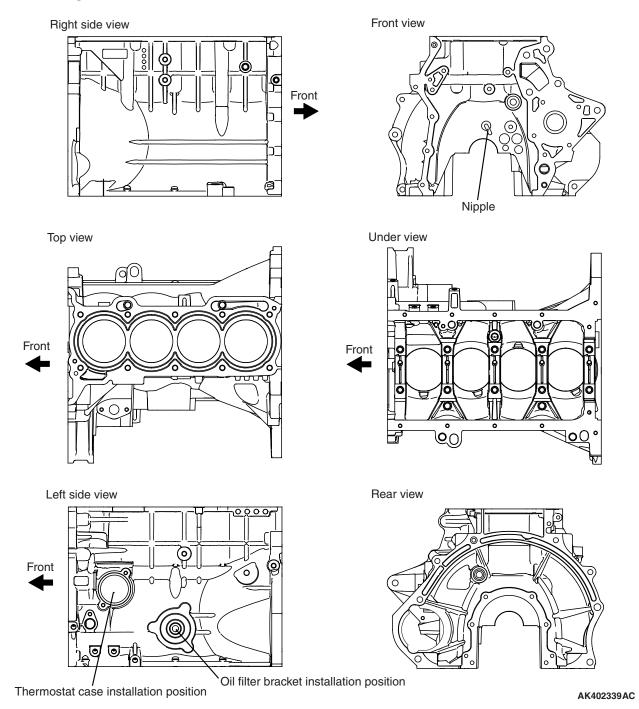
The metal gasket having heat resistance, sealability and low cost is used for the cylinder head gasket.

### **CYLINDER HEAD COVER**



AK402398AC

### **CYLINDER BLOCK**



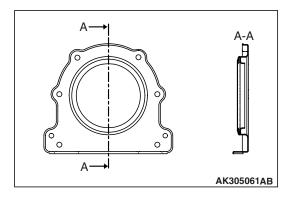
The cylinder block is made of lightweight aluminum alloy.

The crankshaft journal is supported by 5 bearings. The crankshaft thrust load is supported by No. 4 bearing.

The water jacket is of a full-siamese design. A nipple is provided at the front of the block to supply engine oil onto the timing chain.

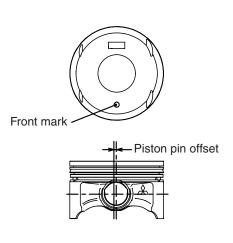
| Item                                | Dimension |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Overall height mm                   | 280       |
| Overall length mm                   | 375.1     |
| Top face to crankshaft center mm    | 205       |
| Crankshaft center to bottom face mm | 75        |
| Bore mm                             | 75        |
| Bore pitch mm                       | 83        |
| Stroke mm                           | 84.8      |

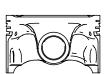
### **REAR OIL SEAL CASE**



The rear oil seal case is a sheet-metal work. The case is installed with sealant applied onto the mounting face to prevent oil leakage.

### **PISTON**





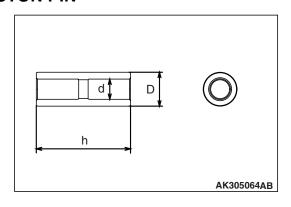
AK403222AB

The piston is made of special aluminum alloy. Weight reduction is achieved by minimizing the overall height while maximizing the recess on both ends of the piston pin.

The center of the piston pin hole is offset by 0.5 mm from the center of the piston towards the thrust side. The piston skirt has a streak finish to enhance oil retention and anti-seizing property.

| Item              | Dimension |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Base diameter mm  | 75        |
| Pin diameter mm   | 18        |
| Overall height mm | 46.04     |

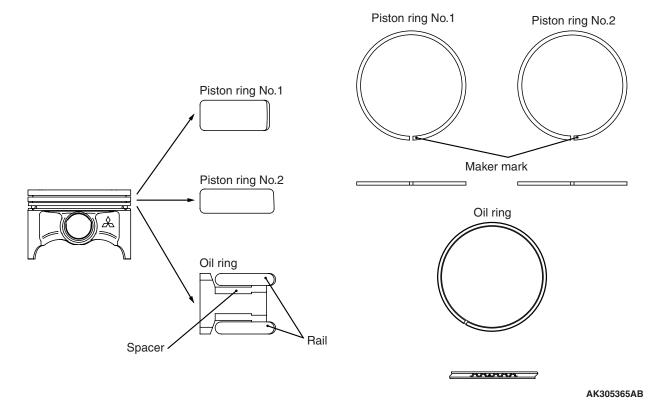
### **PISTON PIN**



The piston pin is of a semi-floating type, press-fitted into the connecting rod small end while capable of floating relative to the piston.

| Item                  | Dimension |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| D (Outer diameter) mm | 18        |
| d (Inner diameter) mm | 11        |
| h (Overall length) mm | 50        |

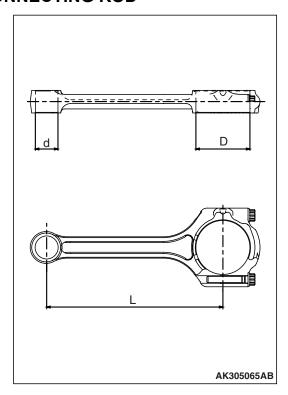
# **PISTON RING**



Each piston is provided with No. 1 and No. 2 compression rings and an oil ring.

| Item   | No. 1 piston ring | No. 2 piston ring | Oil ring    |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Shape  | Barrel            | Undercut          | 3-piece     |
| Surface treatment (Contact face with cylinder) | lon plating       | Parkerized        | Ion plating |
| Maker mark                                     | No mafking        | 2R                | No marking  |

# **CONNECTING ROD**

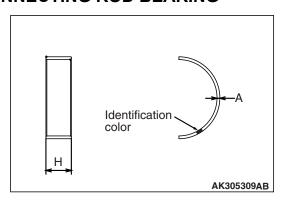


The connecting rod is made of highly rigid, forged carbon steel. The rod portion has an H-shaped cross section.

The connecting rod big end bearing is lubricated through an oil passage running from the main journal to the crankshaft pin.

| Item                            | Dimension |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| d (Small end inner diameter) mm | 18        |
| D (Large end inner diameter) mm | 43        |
| L (Center distance) mm          | 135.6     |

### **CONNECTING ROD BEARING**

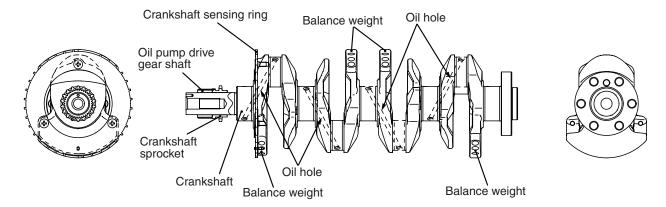


The upper and lower connecting rod bearing halves are identical.

The connecting rod bearing is equipped with back metal. While the bearing itself is made of aluminum alloy, the back metal is normally made of steel sheet. The connecting rod bearing is narrower than the bearing cap, this is to minimize wear.

| Item             | Dimension |
|------------------|-----------|
| H (Width) mm     | 13.5      |
| A (Thickness) mm | 1.5       |

### **CRANKSHAFT**



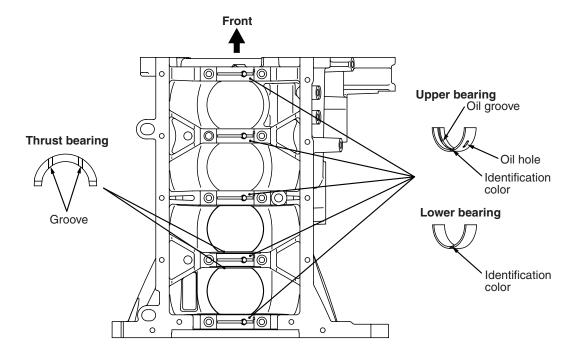
AK305068AD

A casted crankshaft is used for the crankshaft. The crankshaft consists of 5 main bearings and 8 balance weights.

The crankshaft pins are arranged at 180° intervals. The oil hole supply lubrication oil from the journal to the crank pin.

A crankshaft sprocket and an oil pump drive gear shaft are press-fitted onto the front of the crankshaft. The crankshaft is also fitted with a crankshaft sensing ring.

## CRANKSHAFT BEARING, THRUST BEARING



AK305070 AB

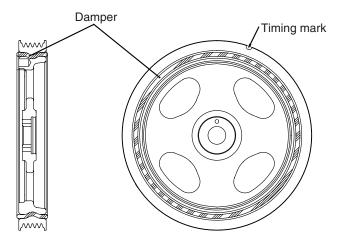
The upper crankshaft bearing (with oil groove) is located on the cylinder block side while the lower bearing (without oil groove) is held by the bearing cap.

The crankshaft bearing is equipped with back metal. While the bearing itself is made of aluminum alloy, the back metal is normally made of steel sheet.

A thrust bearing is installed on both sides of the No. 4 crankshaft bearing.

| Item                      |              | Dimension |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Crankshaft                | Width mm     | 16        |
| bearing                   | Thickness mm | 20        |
| Crankshaft thrust bearing | Thickness mm | 3.275     |

### **CRANKSHAFT PULLEY**



AK305072 AD

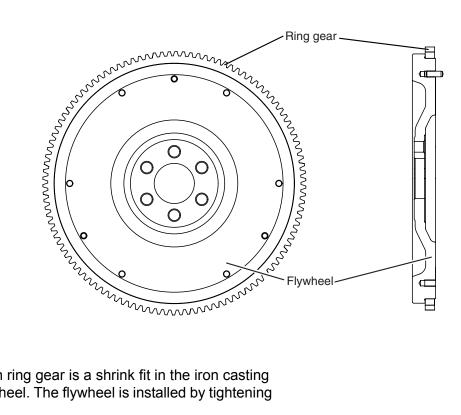
A cast iron crankshaft pulley is used.

The pulley has grooves to engage with a V-ribbed belt (5 ribs), which drives an alternator and a water pump.

An ignition timing mark (notch) is stamped on the flange of the pulley.

The crankshaft pulley is equipped with a torsional damper to minimize the torsional vibration of the crankshaft as well as substantially reduce noise and vibration at the high speed range.

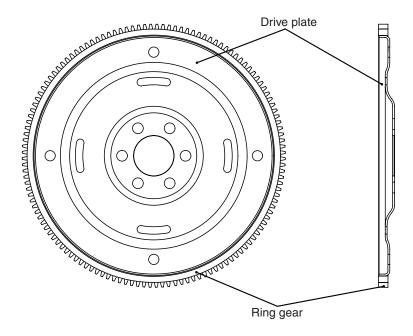
# **Flywheel**



AK600531 AB

A cast iron ring gear is a shrink fit in the iron casting of the flywheel. The flywheel is installed by tightening six bolts.

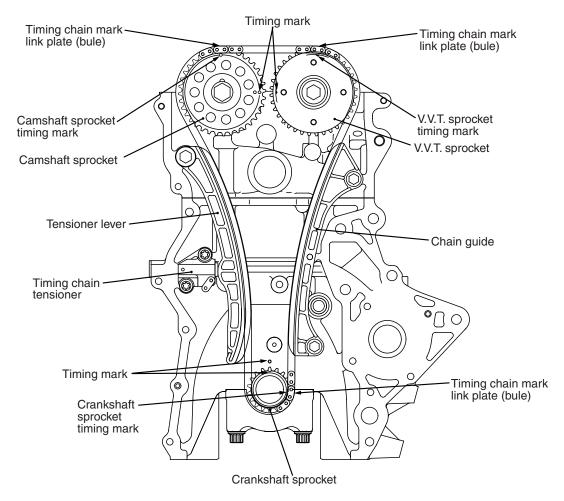
# **DRIVE PLATE**



AK401856AB

A cast iron ring gear is a shrink fit in the steel plate of the drive plate. The drive plate is installed by tightening six bolts.

### **TIMING CHAIN TRAIN**



AK305075AB

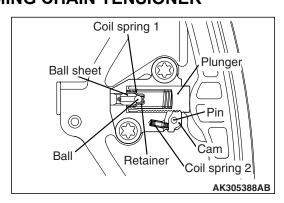
The 2 camshafts are driven by the timing chain via the respective sprockets.

The timing chain, consisting of 122 links, is an endless chain, connecting the crankshaft sprocket with the camshaft and V.V.T. sprockets.

The timing chain is equipped with 3 mark link plates (blue) to correctly time the 3 sprockets with each other.

| Item                | No. of teeth |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Camshaft sprocket   | 36           |
| V.V.T. sprocket     | 36           |
| Crankshaft sprocket | 18           |

### **TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER**



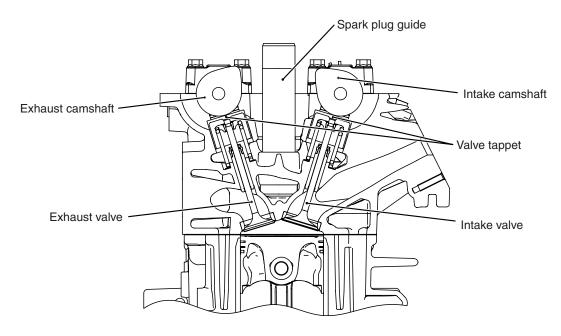
The timing chain is tensioned by the timing chain tensioner, which has a built-in plunger with plunger springs.

The plunger in the timing chain tensioner directly pushes the tension lever, and the pressure automatically adjusts the timing chain tension.

A cam is provided to lock the plunger in place after the engine stops. This helps prevent the timing chain from wobbling just after the engine starts.

With the timing chain tensioner installed, do not crank the engine in the reverse direction. This will force the plunger to overcome the cam, or even cause other problems.

### **VALVE MECHANISM**

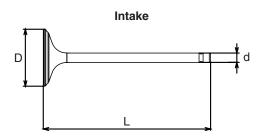


AK305076 AB

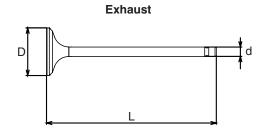
The valve mechanism is based on a 4-valve DOHC (Double Over Head Camshaft) design having the camshaft on the upper valve. Each cylinder has 2 intake valves and 2 exhaust valves, arranged in a V-shape pattern.

Camshaft rotation is transmitted via valve tappets to the respective valves which open and close accordingly.

### **VALVE**



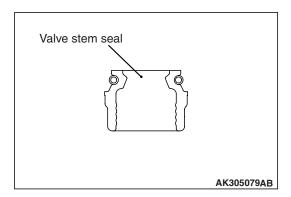
The valves have heat-resistance. The entire valve surface is treated with gas nitriding.



AK305078AB

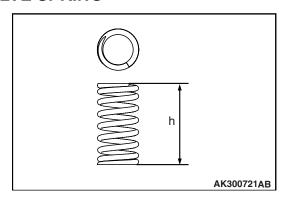
| Item              | Intake valve | Exhaust valve |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Head diameter mm  | 30.5         | 25.5          |
| Stem diameter mm  | 5.0          | 5.0           |
| Overall length mm | 89.61        | 90.94         |

### **VALVE STEM SEAL**



The valve stem seal employs springs to enhance sealing performance, minimizing oil passing down to the port.

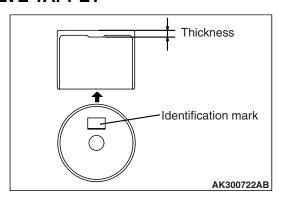
### **VALVE SPRING**



The valve spring has a dual pitch spring to prevent surging in the high speed range.

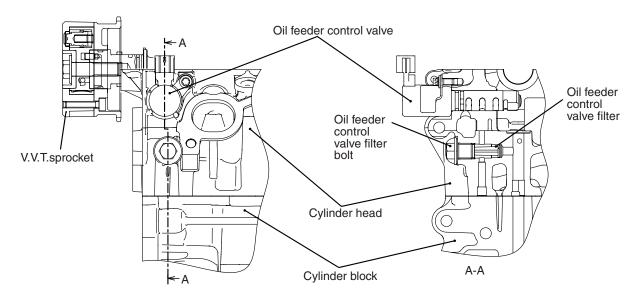
| Item                | Specification |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Free length mm      | 43.1          |
| No. of spring turns | 8.49          |

### **VALVE TAPPET**



Valve tappets are available in 31 thicknesses, at 0.02 mm intervals between 2.70 mm and 3.30 mm, to ensure correct valve clearance.

# MIVEC (MITSUBISHI INNOVATIVE VALVE TIMING ELECTRONIC CONTROL SYSTEM)

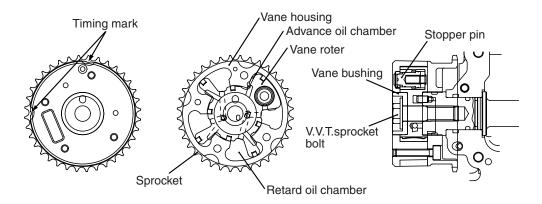


AK300856AD

MIVEC (Mitsubishi Innovative Valve timing Electronic Control system) consists of the components illustrated above.

The intake valve timing is optimally controlled (continuously variable) under the changing driving conditions to improve power in the entire speed range.

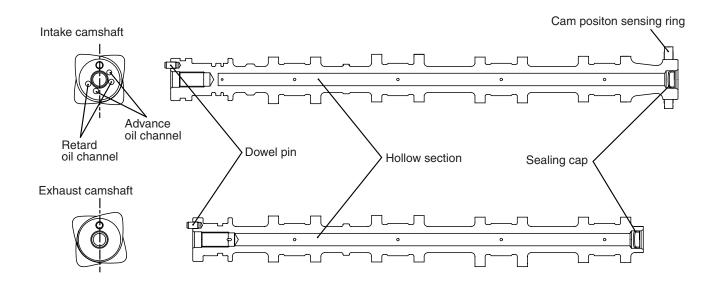
# **V.V.T. SPROCKET (VARIABLE VALVE TIMING SPROCKET)**



AK300857AB

Oil from the oil feeder control valve is sent to the V.V.T. sprocket, moving the vane rotor and thus regulating the valve timing.

### **CAMSHAFT**



AK304999AB

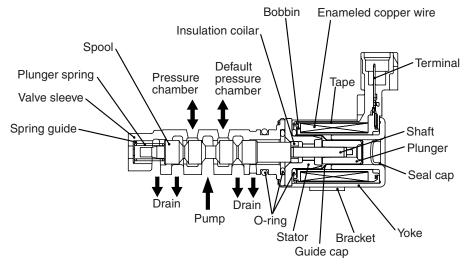
The lightweight camshaft is achieved by the hollow design.

Oil channels run through the intake camshaft, through which oil is sent from the oil feeder control valve to the V.V.T. sprocket.

A cam position sensing ring is press-fitted onto the rear portion of the intake camshaft.

| Item           |         | Dimension |
|----------------|---------|-----------|
| Overall length | Intake  | 407.5     |
| mm             | Exhaust | 361.9     |
| Journal mm     | •       | 26        |
| Valve lift mm  | Intake  | 8.4       |
|                | Exhaust | 7.9       |

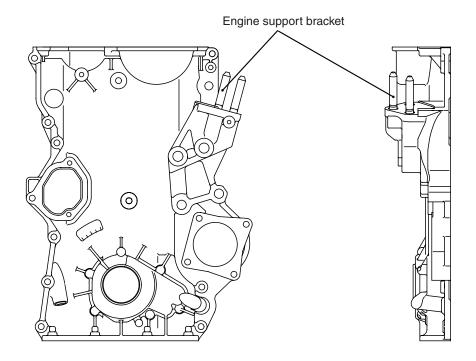
# OIL FEEDER CONTROL VALVE(OCV)



AK302997AB

The oil feeder control valve is essentially a solenoid valve, regulated by the engine-ECU or engine-A-M/T-ECU signals to feed oil to the V.V.T. sprocket assembly to move the vane rotor.

# **TIMING CHAIN CASE**



AK305243AB

The engine support bracket, the oil pump and the relief valve are integrated as well as water chamber of the water pump.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

M2112000101009

The newly developed 1.5L 4A91 engine features 4-cylinder, 16-valve, and double overhead camshafts (DOHC).

The engine has the following features.

Aluminum cylinder block

- MIVEC (Mitsubishi Innovative Valve timing Electronic Control system)
- Selective valve tappet of direct acting valve system for valve clearance adjustment
- Timing chain

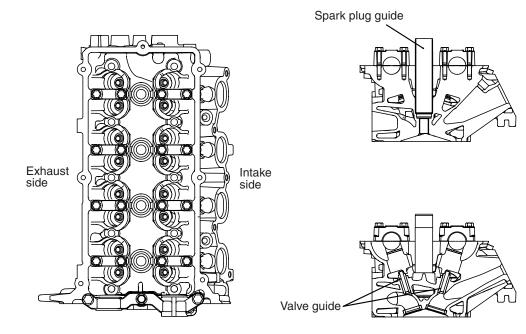
### **MAJOR SPECIFICATIONS**

| Item                   |                 | 4A91  |
|------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Total displacement mL  |                 | 1,499   |
| Bore × Stroke mm       |                 | 75 × 84.8   |
| Compression ratio      |                 | 10.0  |
| Compression chamber    |                 | Pentroof-type                                       |
| Valve timing           | Intake opening  | BTDC 31° – ATDC 19°                                 |
|                        | Intake closing  | ABDC 21° – ABDC 71°                                 |
|                        | Exhaust opening | BBDC 39°  |
|                        | Exhaust closing | ATDC 5°   |
| Maximum output kW (PS  | 5)/rpm          | 77 (104)/6,000                                      |
| Maximum torque N⋅m (kg | g·m)/rpm        | 141 (14.4)/4,000                                    |
| Fuel system            |                 | Electronically controlled multipoint fuel injection |
| Ignition system        |                 | Electronic-controlled 4-coil                        |

# **BASE ENGINE**

### CYLINDER HEAD

M2112001000875



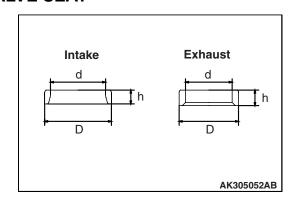
AK305050AB

The cylinder head is made of aluminum alloy, which is lightweight and has an excellent cooling efficiency. The pentroof type combustion chamber has a spark plug in the center. The valve angle is relatively small, contributing to size reduction.

The intake and exhaust ports are arranged in a cross-flow construction. Each cylinder has a pair of intake ports on one side and a pair of exhaust ports on the other side.

Each of the intake and exhaust camshafts is supported by 5 bearings. On each camshaft, the thrust load is supported by No. 1 bearing. The No. 1 bearings for the intake and exhaust camshafts have a common bearing cap.

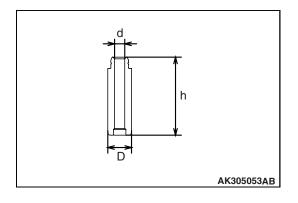
### **VALVE SEAT**



### Sintered alloy valve seat

| Item                     | Intake | Exhaust |
|--------------------------|--------|---------|
| D (Outer diameter) mm    | 31.5   | 28      |
| d (Inner<br>diameter) mm | 26     | 22      |
| h (height) mm            | 6.6    | 7.3     |

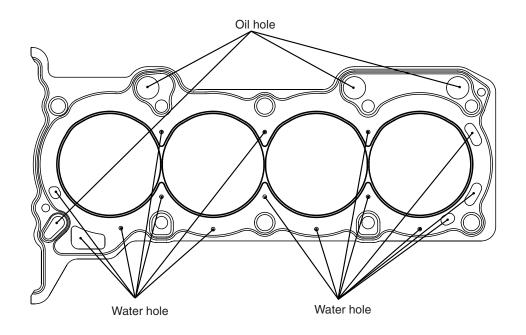
# **VALVE GUIDE**



The intake and exhaust valves use the same-design valve guide.

| Item                  | Intake |
|-----------------------|--------|
| D (Outer diameter) mm | 10.5   |
| d (Inner diameter) mm | 4.5    |
| h (height) mm         | 34.5   |

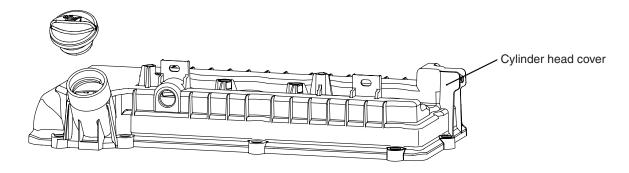
# **CYLINDER HEAD GASKET**



AK305054AB

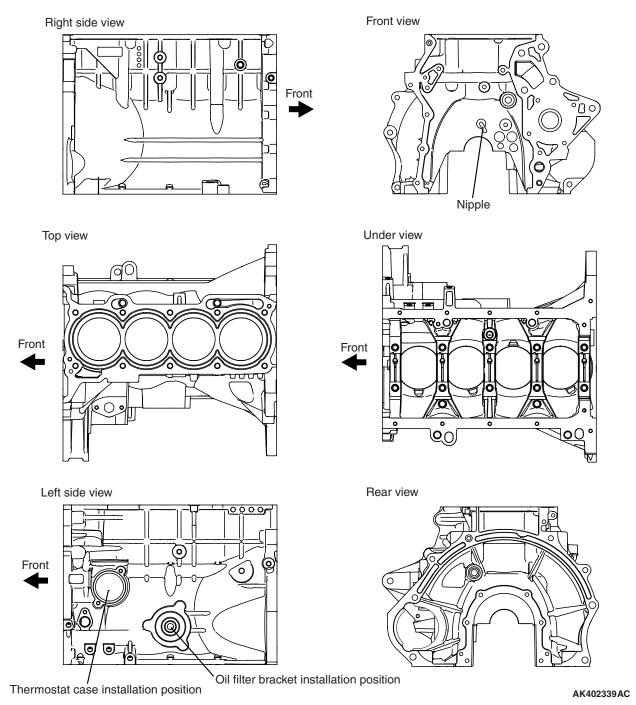
The metal gasket having heat resistance, sealability and low cost is used for the cylinder head gasket.

### **CYLINDER HEAD COVER**



AK402398AC

### **CYLINDER BLOCK**



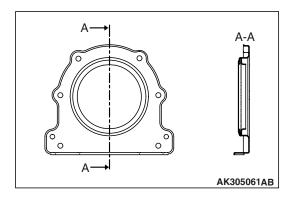
The cylinder block is made of lightweight aluminum alloy.

The crankshaft journal is supported by 5 bearings. The crankshaft thrust load is supported by No. 4 bearing.

The water jacket is of a full-siamese design. A nipple is provided at the front of the block to supply engine oil onto the timing chain.

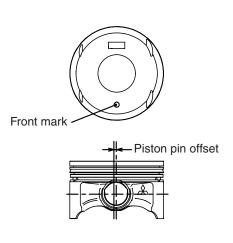
| Item                                | Dimension |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Overall height mm                   | 280       |
| Overall length mm                   | 375.1     |
| Top face to crankshaft center mm    | 205       |
| Crankshaft center to bottom face mm | 75        |
| Bore mm                             | 75        |
| Bore pitch mm                       | 83        |
| Stroke mm                           | 84.8      |

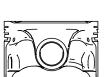
### **REAR OIL SEAL CASE**



The rear oil seal case is a sheet-metal work. The case is installed with sealant applied onto the mounting face to prevent oil leakage.

### **PISTON**





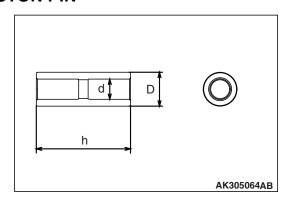
AK403222AB

The piston is made of special aluminum alloy. Weight reduction is achieved by minimizing the overall height while maximizing the recess on both ends of the piston pin.

The center of the piston pin hole is offset by 0.5 mm from the center of the piston towards the thrust side. The piston skirt has a streak finish to enhance oil retention and anti-seizing property.

| Item              | Dimension |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Base diameter mm  | 75        |
| Pin diameter mm   | 18        |
| Overall height mm | 46.04     |

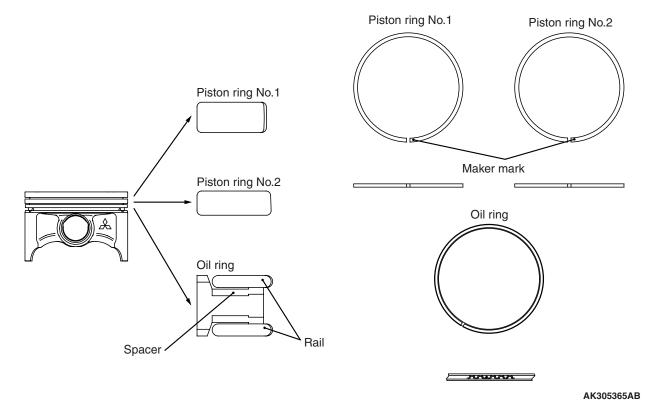
### **PISTON PIN**



The piston pin is of a semi-floating type, press-fitted into the connecting rod small end while capable of floating relative to the piston.

| Item                  | Dimension |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| D (Outer diameter) mm | 18        |
| d (Inner diameter) mm | 11        |
| h (Overall length) mm | 50        |

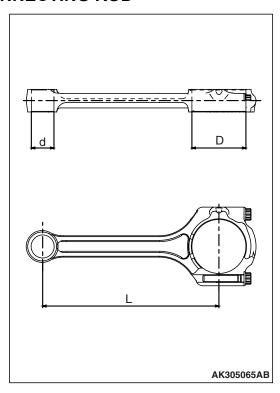
# **PISTON RING**



Each piston is provided with No. 1 and No. 2 compression rings and an oil ring.

| Item   | No. 1 piston ring | No. 2 piston ring | Oil ring    |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Shape  | Barrel            | Undercut          | 3-piece     |
| Surface treatment (Contact face with cylinder) | lon plating       | Parkerized        | Ion plating |
| Maker mark                                     | No mafking        | 2R                | No marking  |

### **CONNECTING ROD**

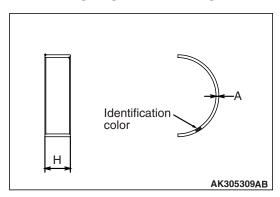


The connecting rod is made of highly rigid, forged carbon steel. The rod portion has an H-shaped cross section.

The connecting rod big end bearing is lubricated through an oil passage running from the main journal to the crankshaft pin.

| Item                            | Dimension |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| d (Small end inner diameter) mm | 18        |
| D (Large end inner diameter) mm | 43        |
| L (Center distance) mm          | 135.6     |

### **CONNECTING ROD BEARING**

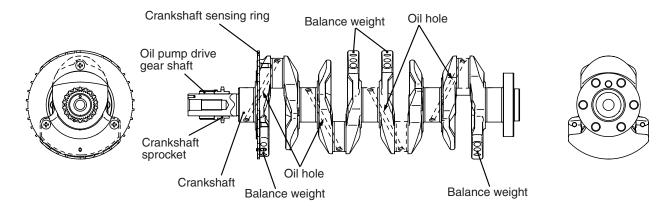


The upper and lower connecting rod bearing halves are identical.

The connecting rod bearing is equipped with back metal. While the bearing itself is made of aluminum alloy, the back metal is normally made of steel sheet. The connecting rod bearing is narrower than the bearing cap, this is to minimize wear.

| Item             | Dimension |
|------------------|-----------|
| H (Width) mm     | 13.5      |
| A (Thickness) mm | 1.5       |

### **CRANKSHAFT**



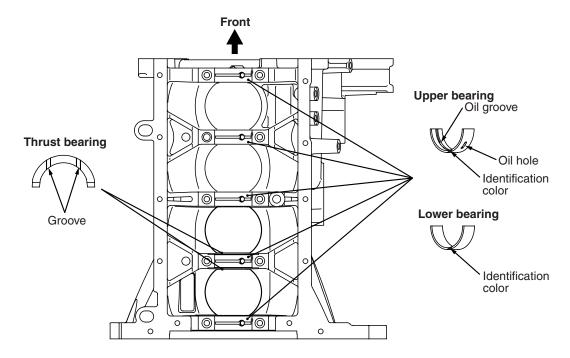
AK305068AD

A casted crankshaft is used for the crankshaft. The crankshaft consists of 5 main bearings and 8 balance weights.

The crankshaft pins are arranged at 180° intervals. The oil hole supply lubrication oil from the journal to the crank pin.

A crankshaft sprocket and an oil pump drive gear shaft are press-fitted onto the front of the crankshaft. The crankshaft is also fitted with a crankshaft sensing ring.

### CRANKSHAFT BEARING, THRUST BEARING



AK305070 AB

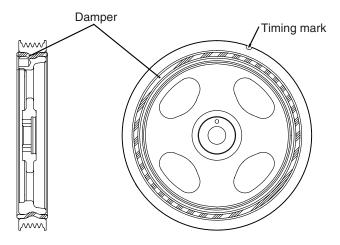
The upper crankshaft bearing (with oil groove) is located on the cylinder block side while the lower bearing (without oil groove) is held by the bearing cap.

The crankshaft bearing is equipped with back metal. While the bearing itself is made of aluminum alloy, the back metal is normally made of steel sheet.

A thrust bearing is installed on both sides of the No. 4 crankshaft bearing.

| Item                      |              | Dimension |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Crankshaft                | Width mm     | 16        |
| bearing                   | Thickness mm | 20        |
| Crankshaft thrust bearing | Thickness mm | 3.275     |

### **CRANKSHAFT PULLEY**



AK305072 AD

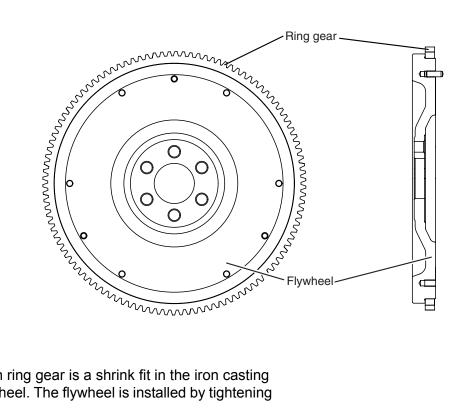
A cast iron crankshaft pulley is used.

The pulley has grooves to engage with a V-ribbed belt (5 ribs), which drives an alternator and a water pump.

An ignition timing mark (notch) is stamped on the flange of the pulley.

The crankshaft pulley is equipped with a torsional damper to minimize the torsional vibration of the crankshaft as well as substantially reduce noise and vibration at the high speed range.

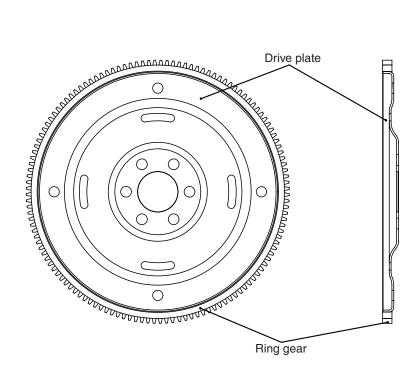
# **Flywheel**



AK600531 AB

A cast iron ring gear is a shrink fit in the iron casting of the flywheel. The flywheel is installed by tightening six bolts.

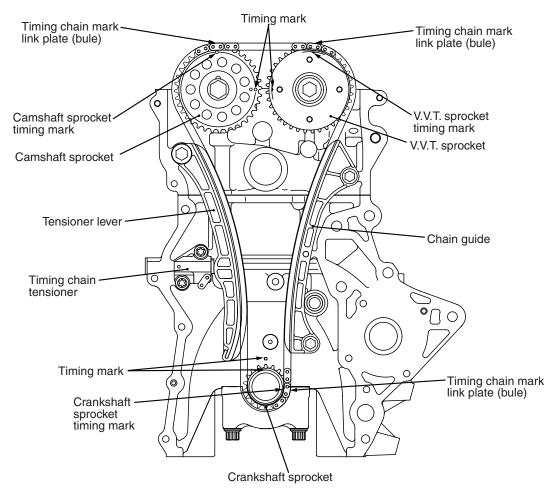
# **DRIVE PLATE**



AK401856AB

A cast iron ring gear is a shrink fit in the steel plate of the drive plate. The drive plate is installed by tightening six bolts.

### TIMING CHAIN TRAIN



AK305075AB

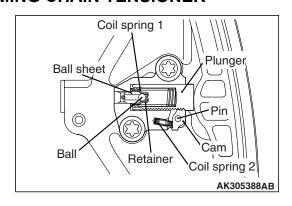
The 2 camshafts are driven by the timing chain via the respective sprockets.

The timing chain, consisting of 122 links, is an endless chain, connecting the crankshaft sprocket with the camshaft and V.V.T. sprockets.

The timing chain is equipped with 3 mark link plates (blue) to correctly time the 3 sprockets with each other.

| Item                | No. of teeth |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Camshaft sprocket   | 36           |
| V.V.T. sprocket     | 36           |
| Crankshaft sprocket | 18           |

### **TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER**



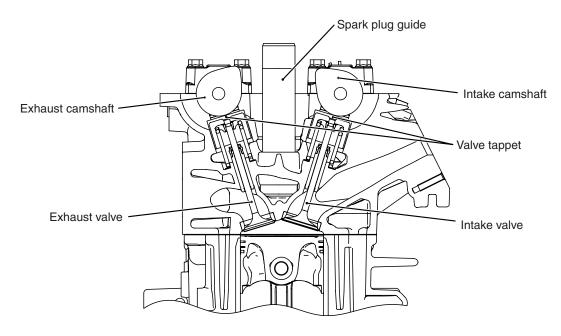
The timing chain is tensioned by the timing chain tensioner, which has a built-in plunger with plunger springs.

The plunger in the timing chain tensioner directly pushes the tension lever, and the pressure automatically adjusts the timing chain tension.

A cam is provided to lock the plunger in place after the engine stops. This helps prevent the timing chain from wobbling just after the engine starts.

With the timing chain tensioner installed, do not crank the engine in the reverse direction. This will force the plunger to overcome the cam, or even cause other problems.

### **VALVE MECHANISM**

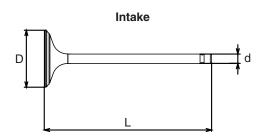


AK305076 AB

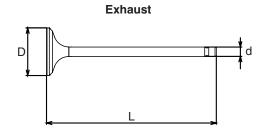
The valve mechanism is based on a 4-valve DOHC (Double Over Head Camshaft) design having the camshaft on the upper valve. Each cylinder has 2 intake valves and 2 exhaust valves, arranged in a V-shape pattern.

Camshaft rotation is transmitted via valve tappets to the respective valves which open and close accordingly.

### **VALVE**



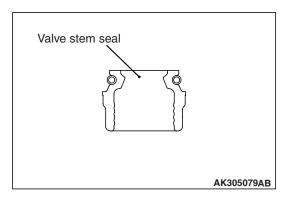
The valves have heat-resistance. The entire valve surface is treated with gas nitriding.



AK305078AB

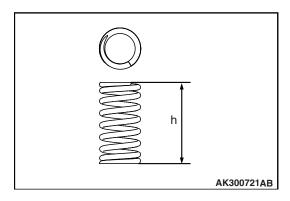
| Item              | Intake valve | Exhaust valve |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Head diameter mm  | 30.5         | 25.5          |
| Stem diameter mm  | 5.0          | 5.0           |
| Overall length mm | 89.61        | 90.94         |

### **VALVE STEM SEAL**



The valve stem seal employs springs to enhance sealing performance, minimizing oil passing down to the port.

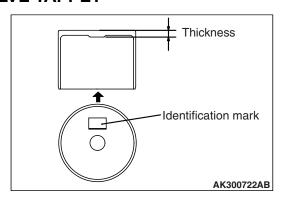
### **VALVE SPRING**



The valve spring has a dual pitch spring to prevent surging in the high speed range.

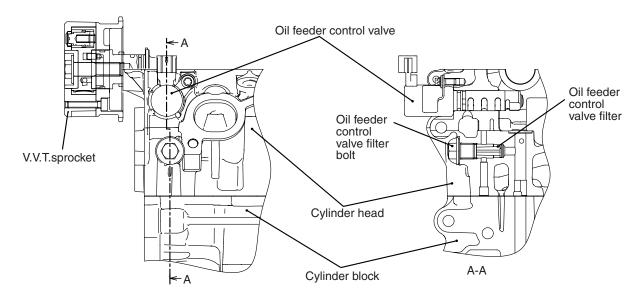
| Item                | Specification |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Free length mm      | 43.1          |
| No. of spring turns | 8.49          |

### **VALVE TAPPET**



Valve tappets are available in 31 thicknesses, at 0.02 mm intervals between 2.70 mm and 3.30 mm, to ensure correct valve clearance.

# MIVEC (MITSUBISHI INNOVATIVE VALVE TIMING ELECTRONIC CONTROL SYSTEM)

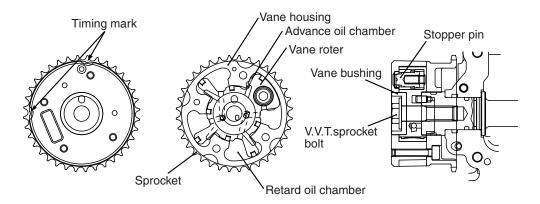


AK300856AD

MIVEC (Mitsubishi Innovative Valve timing Electronic Control system) consists of the components illustrated above.

The intake valve timing is optimally controlled (continuously variable) under the changing driving conditions to improve power in the entire speed range.

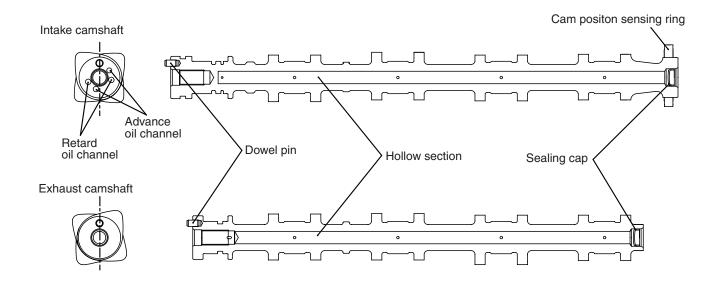
# V.V.T. SPROCKET (VARIABLE VALVE TIMING SPROCKET)



AK300857AB

Oil from the oil feeder control valve is sent to the V.V.T. sprocket, moving the vane rotor and thus regulating the valve timing.

### **CAMSHAFT**



AK304999AB

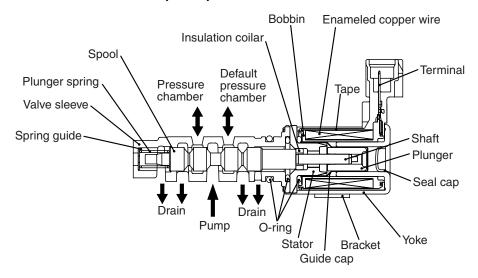
The lightweight camshaft is achieved by the hollow design.

Oil channels run through the intake camshaft, through which oil is sent from the oil feeder control valve to the V.V.T. sprocket.

A cam position sensing ring is press-fitted onto the rear portion of the intake camshaft.

| Item                 |         | Dimension |
|----------------------|---------|-----------|
| Overall length<br>mm | Intake  | 407.5     |
|                      | Exhaust | 361.9     |
| Journal mm           | -       | 26        |
| Valve lift mm        | Intake  | 8.4       |
|                      | Exhaust | 7.9       |

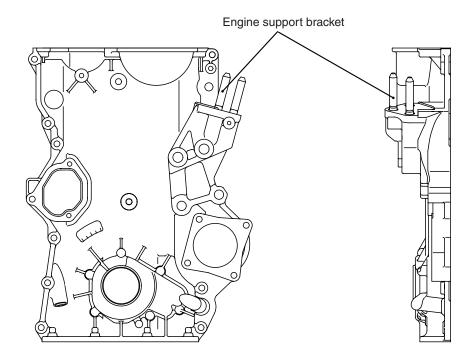
# OIL FEEDER CONTROL VALVE(OCV)



AK302997AB

The oil feeder control valve is essentially a solenoid valve, regulated by the engine-ECU or engine-A-M/T-ECU signals to feed oil to the V.V.T. sprocket assembly to move the vane rotor.

# **TIMING CHAIN CASE**



AK305243AB

The engine support bracket, the oil pump and the relief valve are integrated as well as water chamber of the water pump.